10/502,073

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:42:52 ON 07 MAR 2007)

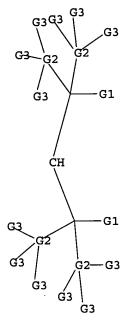
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:43:17 ON 07 MAR 2007 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 H, Me, Et, n-Pr, i-Pr, n-Bu, i-Bu, s-Bu, t-Bu, Ph

G2 Si,Ge,Pb,Sn

G3 Cb,Ak

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 14:43:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 19162 TO ITERATE

10.4% PROCESSED 2000 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 374952 TO 391528

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO

L2 0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 14:43:52 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 380176 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 380176 ITERATIONS

8 ANSWERS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.05

L3

8 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 172.10 172.31

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Mar 2007 VOL 146 ISS 11 FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Mar 2007 (20070306/ED)

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=> s 13

L4 5 L3

=> d 1-5 bib abs

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:205155 CAPLUS
- DN 142:430407
- TI Reactivity of Silyl-Substituted Allyl Compounds with Group 4, 5, 9, and 10 Metals: Routes to η 3-Allyls, Alkylidenes, and sec-Alkyl Carbocations
- AU Schormann, Mark; Garratt, Shaun; Bochmann, Manfred
- CS Wolfson Materials and Catalysis Centre, School of Chemical Sciences, University of East Anglia, Norwich, NR4 7TJ, UK
- SO Organometallics (2005), 24(7), 1718-1724 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 142:430407
- Whereas the reaction of alkali-metal salts of silyl-allyls AB E+[C3H3(SiMe3)2-1,3]- (E = Li, K) with Group 4 and Group 5 metal halides gave intractable reduction products, Co(acac)3 and Ni(acac)2 reacted with K[C3H3(SiMe3)2-1,3] to give $Co\{\eta 3-C3H3(SiMe3)2-1,3\}2$ (1) and $Ni\{\eta_3-C3H3(SiMe3)2-1,3\}2$ (2), resp. The reaction of K[C3H3(SiMe3)2-1,3] with Me3SnCl afforded Me3SiCH:CHCH(SiMe3)(SnMe3) (3), which reacted cleanly with TaCl5 to give {η3-C3H3(SiMe3)2-1,3}TaCl4 (4). Treatment of this complex with tetramethylethylenediamine led to HCl abstraction, and the allyl complex was transformed into the vinyl-alkylidene compound Me3SiCH:CHC(SiMe3):TaCl3(TMEDA) (5). Whereas in the case of TaCl5 dehalostannylation was facile, the reaction of 3 with ZrCl4 and HfCl4 took a different course, leading instead to the addition of Me3Sn+ to 3 to give $[HC\{CH(SiMe3)(SnMe3)\}2]+[M2C19]-(6, M = Zr; 7, M =$ Hf), the first examples of isolable sec-alkyl carbocations. These salts are surprisingly thermally stable and melt >100 °C; this stability

is largely due to delocalization of the pos. charge over the two tin The crystal structures of 1, 2, and 5-7 are reported. RE.CNT 61 THERE ARE 61 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L4ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 2003:591223 CAPLUS DN 139:150077 TI Process for preparing isobutylene-based polymers IN Bochmann, Manfred; Garratt, Shaun; Schormann, Mark PA Bayer Inc., Can. SO PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent English LA FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ____ ----------______ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ PΙ WO 2003062284 A2 20030731 WO 2003-CA67 20030121 WO 2003062284 **A3** 20031002 WO 2003062284 A8 20031204 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2368724 A1 20030721 CA 2002-2368724 20020121 EP 1470167 **A2** 20041027 EP 2003-700268 20030121 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK CN 1620470 Α 20050525 CN 2003-802539 20030121 JP 2005515276 Т JP 2003-562161 20050526 20030121 US 2005165182 A1 US 2003-502073 20050728 20030121 PRAI CA 2002-2368724 Α 20020121 WO 2003-CA67 W 20030121 os MARPAT 139:150077 AB This invention relates to a metal organic compound, a catalytic composition comprising said metal organic compound, a process for homo- or co-polymerizing isoolefines in the presence of said metal organic compound and a method of stabilizing a compound of the general structure [R'HC(CRR')2]2+[M2X9]-, in which R = SiR1R2R3, R' = hydrogen, C1-12 alkyl, C6-14 aryl, or C7-20 alkylaryl, M = Zr or Hf, X = halogen, and R1-3 C1-12 alkyl group, with a compound R' = the formula M'R4R5R6, in which M' = Si, Ge, Sn, or Pb and R4-6 = C1-12 alkyl group as well as a non-coordinating anion of the general structure [M2X9] - in which M = Zr or Hf and X = halogen atom. L4 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 2003:37880 CAPLUS DN 138:304368 TI Synthesis and structures of crystalline bis(trimethylsilyl)methanido complexes of potassium, calcium and ytterbium ΑU Hitchcock, Peter B.; Khvostov, Alexei V.; Lappert, Michael F. CS The Chemistry Laboratory, School of Chemistry, Physics and Environmental Science, University of Sussex, Brighton, BN1 9QJ, UK SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (2002), 663(1-2), 263-268 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT

LA

Journal

English

- OS CASREACT 138:304368
- AB Crystalline [K(μ-R)(thf)]∞ (1) was obtained from equivalent portions of n-butyllithium in hexane, bis(trimethylsilyl)methane (= RH) and potassium t-butoxide in thf, removal of volatiles and extraction with hexane. Desolvation of 1 in a vacuum led to KR. The first three-coordinate metalate(II) alkyls [K(MR3)]∞ [M = Ca (2), M = Yb (3)] of calcium and ytterbium(II) were prepared from the appropriate metal(II) iodide and three equivalent of KR in benzene. Mixing LiR, YbI2 and two equivalent of KR
- mixture of di-Et ether and small amount of thf yielded the red (like 3) [Li(thf)4] [YbR3] (4). Each of 1-4 was obtained in good yield and was characterized by multinuclear NMR spectra in C6D6 and single crystal x-ray diffraction. The central metal is in a trigonal planar 1 or pyramidal 2-4 environment and the average M-C bond lengths are 2.98 (1), 2.50 (2), 2.52 (3 and 4) Å. Crystalline 2 and 3 are isomorphous and consist of double chains of [MR3] anions linked by K+ cations along the a axis, whereas complex 4 has an ionic structure with isolated [Li(thf)4] + cation and [YbR3] anion.
- RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L4 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:655583 CAPLUS
- DN 137:337966

in a

- TI Isolation and Structure of [HC{CH(SiMe3)(SnMe3)}2]+: A Remarkably Stable sec-Alkyl Cation
- AU Schormann, Mark; Garratt, Shaun; Hughes, David L.; Green, Jennifer C.; Bochmann, Manfred
- CS Wolfson Materials and Catalysis Centre, School of Chemical Sciences, University of East Anglia, Norwich, NR4 7TJ, UK
- SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (2002), 124(38), 11266-11267 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 137:337966
- AB The reaction of the tin-substituted propene Me3Sn(R)CHCH:CHR (R = SiMe3) with MCl4 in dichloromethane in the presence of Me3SnCl gives the first examples of isolable sec-alkyl carbocation salts, [HC(CH(R)SnMe3)2]+M2Cl9-(M = Zr, Hf). The compds. are thermally stable and, unlike previously isolated trialkyl carbocations, do not require superacidic media or weakly coordinating anions for stability. The crystal structure and DFT calcns. suggest polarization of the Sn substituents and hyperconjugation as the reason for the unexpected stability. The stabilizing effect of tin is significantly stronger than that of Si. The carbocations are effective initiators for the polymerization of isobutene, isoprene, and α -methylstyrene.
- RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L4 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 1984:630622 CAPLUS
- DN 101:230622
- TI Chemistry of organosilicon compounds. CXC. An ESR study of conformational transmission in bis(trimethylsilylmethyl)methyl and related radicals
- AU Kira, Mitsuo; Akiyama, Mieko; Sakurai, Hideki
- CS Dep. Chem., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1984), 271(1-3), 23-31 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 101:230622
- AB Static conformations and the dynamic behavior of the radicals
 •CR(CH2R1)2 (R = H, Me, OSiMe3; R1 = SiMe3, SiMe2SiMe3, GeMe3, SnMe3)

have been investigated by ESR. At the preferred conformation, the two R1 groups almost eclipsed the singly-occupied C p orbital and were located on the opposite sides of the CH2CRCH2 plane. The barriers for the flip-flop motion, evaluated by the line-shape anal. of the temperature-dependent ESR spectra, were closely related to those for the R1-group rotation about the $C(\alpha)$ - $C(\beta)$ bond.

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EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	16	(556/12).CCLS.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/07 15:27
L2	4	(556/28).CCLS.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/07 15:27
L3	437	(502/152).CCLS.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/07 15:37
L4	517	(526/160).CCLS.	US-PGPUB	OR	OFF	2007/03/07 15:37